

Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Identification

Product name : PICKLEEN™ AS-10
Product code : 425016
Uses advised against : Consumer, private households, general public
Product type : Powder.
Validation date : 1/23/2014.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 3
 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
 AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 3

GHS label elements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

- Symbol : 
- Signal word : Danger
- Hazard statements :
 ☒ Toxic if swallowed.
 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 Harmful to aquatic life.
 THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A FLUORIDE COMPOUND. SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED. AVOID EXPOSURE. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY IF EXPOSURE IS SUSPECTED.
- Precautionary statements
- Prevention : Read label before use. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye/face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Keep out of reach of children. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- Response : Fluoride Compounds: SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED: Clinical signs and symptoms may not appear for up to 24 hours. Concentrations as low as 2% may cause symptoms with prolonged skin contact. When exposure is suspected, immediate medical attention is critical to minimize damage. May be fatal if absorbed through the skin, inhaled or ingested. Immediately contact emergency response personnel. Get medical attention immediately. In addition to the basic first aid procedures outlined below, it is highly recommended that emergency procedures be established by your company's physician, to be used in case of fluorine poisoning. This procedures may include the administration by qualified personnel of antidotes such as Aqueous Hyamine, Zephiran Chloride, or Calcium Gluconate Solutions for treating affected skin, as well as use of Pontocaine Hydrochloride Solution for eye application.
 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- Storage : Store locked up.
- Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification : Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
☒ Sulphate Salt	80-100	-
sulfate compound	1-10	-
sodium bifluoride	1-10	1333-83-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Move exposed person to fresh air. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Keep person warm and at rest. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Move exposed person to fresh air. Wash out mouth with water. Keep person warm and at rest. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Remove dentures if any. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs.
- Follow company first aid procedures for fluoride exposure which may include having victim drink a 10% calcium gluconate solution with 8 to 10 oz. Of water for dilution of material in stomach.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Provide a readily-accessible eyewash facility and quick-drench safety shower. In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Follow company first aid procedures for fluoride exposure which may include soaking the affected area with iced 0.2% water solution of hyamine 1622 or iced 0.13% solution of zepharin. If soaking is not possible, compresses soaked in one of these solutions may be applied, changing them every 2 minutes. For sensitive areas (lips, mouth, etc.) A 2.5% calcium gluconate jelly may be used. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 30 minutes, keeping eyelids open.
- Washing eyes within several seconds of exposure is essential to minimize damage. Follow company first aid procedures for fluoride exposure which may include applying one or two drops of a 0.5% pontocaine hydrochloride solution into the affected eye(s) if a physician is not immediately available. Do not use any skin treatment preparations for burns to the eye(s).

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Section 4. First aid measures

- Specific treatments** : Fluoride Compounds: SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED: Clinical signs and symptoms may not appear for up to 24 hours. Concentrations as low as 2% may cause symptoms with prolonged skin contact. When exposure is suspected, immediate medical attention is critical to minimize damage. May be fatal if absorbed through the skin, inhaled or ingested. Immediately contact emergency response personnel. Get medical attention immediately. In addition to the basic first aid procedures outlined below, it is highly recommended that emergency procedures be established by your company's physician, to be used in case of fluorine poisoning. This procedure may include the administration by qualified personnel of antidotes such as Aqueous Hyamine, Zephiran Chloride, or Calcium Gluconate Solutions for treating affected skin, as well as use of Pontocaine Hydrochloride Solution for eye application.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Personnel should wear protective clothing. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
sulfur oxides
halogenated compounds
metal oxide/oxides
- Special precautions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Remark** : Not available.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Precautions for safe handling** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Be sure area is equipped with all necessary emergency equipment including fire extinguishers, and spill response materials. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse product container. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid release to the environment.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Sodium bifluoride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Notes: as F TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ , (as F) 8 hour(s).

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
- Eye protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles. Avoid contact with eyes.
- Skin protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Solid. [Powder.]
- Color** : White. to Off-white.
- Odor** : Pungent. [Slight]
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Not available.
- Burning time** : Not available.
- Burning rate** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : Not available.
- Vapor density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Solubility** : Not available.
- Octanol/water partition coefficient** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid release to the environment.
- Incompatibility with various substances** : Reactive with metals, alkalis, chlorates, carbides and picrates
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
- Other Hazardous decomposition products** : hydrogen gas
- Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential health effects

- Inhalation** : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Fluoride Compounds: Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Symptoms include: burning sensation, coughing, wheezing and breathing difficulties, shortness of breath, headache, nausea or vomiting, pulmonary edema. Severe over-exposure can result in death.
- Ingestion** : Toxic if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Fluoride Compounds: Symptoms include: necrotic lesions, hemorrhagic gastritis, pancreatitis
- Skin** : Causes severe burns.
Fluoride compounds are highly corrosive and readily penetrates the skin causing destruction of deep tissue layers, including bone. Pain may be delayed for up to 24 hours following exposure to concentrations of 1-50% and is often not reported until tissue damage is extreme. Concentrations greater than 50% cause immediate burning, redness and tissue damage. Without immediate medical attention, tissue destruction may continue for days and result in limb loss or death. The extent of burns depends on the concentration, temperature and duration of contact with the acid. Systemic fluoride toxicity can cause hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia, hyperkalemia, pulmonary edema, metabolic acidosis, ventricular arrhythmias and possible death.
- Eyes** : Causes serious eye damage. Direct contact with the eyes can cause irreversible damage, including blindness.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	122 mg/kg

Additional information:

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Sodium bifluoride	-	In vitro; Mammalian-Human; Somatic	Positive
	-	Mammalian-Animal; Somatic	Positive

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity : This material is harmful to aquatic life.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		
Sulfate compound	-	Acute EC50 1900000 ug/L Fresh water	Algae - Diatom - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	-	Acute IC50 3359.12 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	-	Acute LC50 2220 to 2660 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Opossum shrimp - Americamysis bahia - <=48 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 1194 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 56000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Striped bass - Morone saxatilis - Larvae	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Not available.		

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis
Not available.		

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF
Not available.		

Mobility : Not available.





Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG* Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN3260	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium bifluoride)	8	II 	ERG#154 -
IMDG Class	UN3260	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium bifluoride)	8	II 	-
IATA-DGR Class	UN3260	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium bifluoride)	8	II 	-
UN Class	UN3260	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium bifluoride)	8	II 	-

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

China

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Korea

a. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA Article 37 : None of the components are listed.

ISHA Article 38 : None of the components are listed.

b. Regulation according to TCCA

TCCA Toxic chemicals : Not applicable

TCCA Observational chemicals : None of the components are listed.

TCCA Article 32 (Banned) : None of the components are listed.

TCCA Article 32 (Restricted) : None of the components are listed.

c. Dangerous Materials Control Act : Not available.

Europe

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Japan

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

Ingredient name

None of the components are listed.

Status

ISHL

ISHL Class :

Continued on next page

Section 15. Regulatory information

Working Conditions Act; Health and Safety Act :
ISHL Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning : Not listed
ISHL Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing : Not listed
ISHL Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing : Not listed
ISHL Chemicals requiring notification : Not listed
ISHL Dangerous Substances : Not listed
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste : Not listed

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR) : Not listed

Fire Service Law - Obstructive materials : Not listed

Taiwan

List of chemicals reputed to be a "threat of imminent danger" : This product contains substances considered to be a "Threat of imminent danger": sodium bifluoride, Aldehyde..

International lists

China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.
Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
Australia inventory (AICS) : All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI) : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS) : All components are listed or exempted.
United States TSCA : TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: No products were found.
TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: No products were found.
TSCA 12(b) one-time export: No products were found.
TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

History

Validation date : 1/23/2014.
Supersedes Date : 3/27/2013.
Prepared by : T. Valverde
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Section 16. Other information

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Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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